



Waters of the United States Delineation

Leake County EDD – Site 2 - Northeast

Carthage, Leake County, Mississippi

November 13, 2023 | Terracon Project No. EB237180



Prepared for:

The Mississippi Department of Environmental
Quality

Jackson, Mississippi



Prepared by:

Terracon Consultants, Inc.
Ridgeland, Mississippi



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- Facilities
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Table of Contents

1.0	INTRODUCTION.....	1
2.0	SCOPE OF SERVICES.....	1
3.0	PRELIMINARY DATA GATHERING AND ANALYSIS.....	2
3.1	Topographic Maps and Aerial Photographs.....	2
3.2	National Wetlands Inventory and National Hydrography Dataset.....	3
3.3	Soil Data.....	3
3.4	FEMA FIRM Map.....	4
4.0	FIELD DELINEATION TECHNIQUES.....	5
4.1	Wetland Observations.....	5
4.1.1	Plant Community Assessment.....	5
4.1.2	Hydric Soils Assessment.....	6
4.1.3	Wetland Hydrology Assessment.....	6
4.2	Classification of Wetlands.....	6
4.3	Surface Water and Drainage Feature Observations.....	7
4.4	Depiction of Aquatic Resources.....	8
5.0	FIELD DELINEATION RESULTS.....	8
5.1	Wetlands.....	9
5.2	Tributaries.....	9
5.3	Other Aquatic Features.....	10
5.4	Upland Areas.....	10
6.0	CONCLUSIONS.....	10
7.0	GENERAL COMMENTS.....	11

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A – Exhibits

APPENDIX B – Wetland Determination Data Forms

APPENDIX C – Site Photographs

APPENDIX D – Common Acronyms

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Terracon Consultants, Inc. (Terracon) was retained by Leake County Economic Development District (Leake County EDD, client) to perform a Waters of the U.S. (WOTUS) delineation on the Carthage #2 Site located in Carthage, Leake County, Mississippi hereafter referred to as the site. The site location is depicted in Appendix A; Exhibit 1. The WOTUS Delineation was performed in accordance with work order No: 1865-237149-3 issued by the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) dated August 24, 2023.

The delineation consisted of an approximately 26.03-acre site that contains open pastureland and a small area of a mixture of hard wood and pines. Photographs depicting the conditions on-site are provided in Appendix C.

The purpose of performing the preliminary WOTUS delineation was to characterize the existing site conditions, observe the site for the presence of WOTUS, including wetlands, and provide an opinion regarding whether or not WOTUS (if observed) would be considered jurisdictional by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE).

2.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES

Terracon performed the following scope of work in accordance with our proposal:

- Preliminary Data Gathering and Analysis of readily available government documentation.
- Mobilized to the site to conduct the Field Delineation using consecutively numbered colored flagging to mark aquatic resource boundaries.
- Sub-meter Global Positioning Satellite (GPS) surveying of each delineation flag.
- Prepared a map showing approximate locations of delineated WOTUS, including wetland areas observed during the Field Delineation, if any.
- Completed a preliminary WOTUS Delineation Report that included site characterization information, a discussion of applicable data, and recommendations for the site.

3.0 PRELIMINARY DATA GATHERING AND ANALYSIS

Prior to visiting the site to conduct the field delineation, background research was conducted, consisting of locating and reviewing historic aerial photographs, historic topographic maps, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) maps, U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) National Hydrography Dataset (NHD) maps, soil data from the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM), publicly available elevation data such as light detection and ranging (LiDAR) data, and/or other related data based on availability. The preliminary data analysis assisted Terracon in identifying potential aquatic resources and jurisdictional features on the site. The data evaluated is described in the subsections below.

3.1 Topographic Maps and Aerial Photographs

Readily available USGS topographic maps and aerial photographs were reviewed to evaluate the potential presence of aquatic resources that may be considered WOTUS by USACE. Table 1 contains a brief description of applicable features identified during review of the topographic map.

- **Topographic map:** Conway and Carthage, Mississippi, **2020** – USGS Topographic Maps (1:24,000)
- **Aerial Photograph:** USDA, **2021** (1" =500')

Table 1: Summary of Topographic Map

Direction	Description
Site	The site is illustrated as mostly open land with a small amount of wooded land
North	Mississippi Highway 25
East	Industrial property
South	A mixture of wooded and opened land
West	A mixture of wooded and opened land

Based on the review of the USGS topographic map, the site elevation ranges from approximately 400 to 420 feet above mean sea level. Topography is illustrated as a hilly area. The topographic map is provided as Exhibit 2 in Appendix A.

3.2 National Wetlands Inventory and National Hydrography Dataset

The USFWS NWI map was reviewed to identify wetland areas on the site and in the immediate vicinity. The NWI map depicts suspect wetland areas and waterbodies based on stereoscopic analysis of high-altitude aerial photographs. The NHD is used to portray surface water. The NHD represents the drainage network with features such as rivers, streams, canals, lakes, ponds, coastline, dams, and stream gages. An NWI/NHD map is included as Exhibit 3 in Appendix A.

The review of the NWI map indicates no wetlands present on-site.

3.3 Soil Data

Data from the USDA NRCS Web Soil Survey was reviewed to identify soil types, including hydric soils for the site. Soils containing hydric soil components are documented on the National List of Hydric Soils. Inclusion on the National List of Hydric Soils indicates that the soil series or one of its components contain characteristics that may be hydric and is not an indication of hydric soil for a specific location.

Hydric soils listed on the NRCS National List of Hydric Soils must meet one or more of the following NRCS hydric criteria codes:

1. All Histels except Folistels and Histosols except Folist; or
2. Map unit components in Aquic suborders, great groups, or subgroups, Albolls suborder, Historthels great group, Histoturbels great group, or Andic, Cumulic, Pachic, or Vitrandic subgroups that:
 - a. Based on the range of characteristics for the soil series, will at least in part meet one or more Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, or
 - b. Show evidence that the soil meets the definition of a hydric soil;
3. Map unit components that are frequently ponded for long duration or very long duration during the growing season that:
 - a. Based on the range of characteristics for the soil series, will at least in part meet one or more Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, or
 - b. Show evidence that the soil meets the definition of a hydric soil; or
4. Map unit components that are frequently flooded for long duration or very long duration during the growing season that:

- a. Based on the range of characteristics for the soil series, will at least in part meet one or more Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, or
- b. Show evidence that the soils meet the definition of a hydric soil.

Table 2 is an excerpt from the NRCS Web Soil Survey Hydric Soil Rating.

Table 2: Excerpt from the NRCS Web Soil Survey

Summary by Map Unit – Leake County, Mississippi				
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating*	Acres in AOI**	Percent of AOI
OrC	Ora Fine sandy loam, 5 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	0	7.1	28.5%
Rk	Rosebloom and Arkabutla soils, frequently flooded	100	3.5	13.9%
SaB	Savannah fine sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	5	0.1	2.3%
SmD2	Smithdale fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	10	7.8	32.6%
SmF2	Smithdale fine sandy loam, 15 to 35 percent slopes, eroded	5	4.7	22.7%
Totals for Area of Interest			23.1	100.0%

* This rating indicates the percentage of map units that meets the criteria for hydric soils. Map units are composed of one or more map unit components or soil types, each of which is rated as hydric soil or not hydric. Map units that are made up dominantly of hydric soils may have small areas of minor nonhydric components in the higher positions on the landform, and map units that are made up dominantly of nonhydric soils may have small areas of minor hydric components in the lower positions on the landform.

**Acreages are approximate only.

Based on a review of the NRCS soil data, a large portion of the site is made up of non-hydric soils except for an area on the southern portion of the site (Rk), see Appendix A Exhibit 4. The Rosebloom and Arkabutla soils (Rk) contains 100% hydric soils, and these soils make up approximately 13.9% of the site. These soils are in the southern portion of the site and are listed as frequently flooded.

3.4 FEMA FIRM Map

Terracon downloaded and reviewed Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Panel Number 28079C0143C (effective 9/16/2011). The site is in the Zone X area of the panel indicating the site is

susceptible to minimal flood risk. The FEMA map is included as Exhibit 5 in Appendix A.

4.0 FIELD DELINEATION TECHNIQUES

Terracon personnel conducted a reconnaissance of the site in October 2023 to characterize the existing site conditions and identify the presence of potential jurisdictional wetlands and waters. Characteristics of potential jurisdictional wetlands and waters were assessed (when applicable) utilizing the criteria detailed in sections 4.1 and 4.2 of this report. The evaluation methods generally followed the routine on-site determination method referenced in the 1987 USACE Manual and the Atlantic and Gulf Coast Region Version 2.0 (Regional Supplement). Section 2.0 of this reports discusses features that were delineated for this report.

4.1 Wetland Observations

Wetlands generally have three essential characteristics: wetland hydrology, hydrophytic vegetation, and hydric soils. Vegetation and hydrology observations were performed throughout the site. Data regarding the three essential characteristics was gathered within observed suspect wetland areas as applicable to further delineate boundaries.

4.1.1 Plant Community Assessment

Areas were visually observed to determine the species, when possible, and absolute percentage of ground cover for five strata of plant community types within a thirty-foot radius of the observation location. The wetland indicator status for each species of vegetation observed was documented. The indicator status was determined using the USACE National Wetlands Plant List (2018 NWPL v3.4). Indicator status categories for vegetation are presented below:

- **Obligate Wetland (OBL):** occur almost always (estimated probability greater than 99%) under natural conditions in wetlands.
- **Facultative Wetland (FACW):** usually occur in wetlands (estimated probability 67%-99%) but occasionally found in non-wetlands.
- **Facultative (FAC):** equally likely to occur in wetlands or non-wetlands (estimated probability 34%-66%).
- **Facultative Upland (FACU):** usually occur in non-wetlands (estimated probability 67%-99%) but occasionally found in wetlands.

- **Upland (UPL):** rarely occur in wetlands but occur almost always (estimated probability greater than 99%) under natural conditions in non-wetlands.

The percent cover of each stratum was determined, and dominance was evaluated. Dominant species were the most abundant species that accounted for more than 20 percent of the absolute percent coverage of the stratum. The number of dominant species with an indicator status of OBL, FACW, and/or FAC was compared to the total number of dominant species across all strata. Typically, when more than 50 percent of the dominant species had an indicator status of OBL, FACW, and/or FAC, hydrophytic vegetation was present. If the percentage of dominant species with an indicator status of OBL, FACW, and/or FAC was less than 50 percent, prevalence index and morphological adaptations may have been evaluated to confirm if hydrophytic vegetation was present or absent.

4.1.2 Hydric Soils Assessment

After Terracon evaluated wetland vegetation, subsurface soil samples were collected. The samples were collected to a depth of approximately 20 inches below ground surface and were visually compared to Munsell Soil Color Charts®, which aided in the evaluation of hydric soil characteristics. The soil samples were further examined for hydric soil indicators including, but not limited to, histosol, thick dark surface, sandy gleyed matrix, sandy redox, loamy gleyed matrix, redox dark surface, and/or redox depressions. If these or other hydric soil indicators were observed in the subsurface soil sample, the observation location was considered to have hydric soil.

4.1.3 Wetland Hydrology Assessment

Visual indicators of wetland hydrology were evaluated. Examples of primary wetland hydrology indicators include, but are not limited to, surface water, high water table, soil saturation, water marks, sediment deposits, drift deposits, iron deposits, inundation visible on aerial imagery, and water-stained leaves. Examples of secondary wetland hydrology indicators include, but are not limited to, surface soil cracks, drainage patterns, moss trim lines, and crayfish burrows. If at least one primary wetland hydrology indicator or two secondary wetland hydrology indicators were observed, the observation location was considered to have wetland hydrology.

4.2 Classification of Wetlands

Upon completion of the review of the three wetland criteria at each area, a wetland determination was made by a Terracon scientist. Under normal circumstances, if

one or more of the wetland criteria were not identified, the area was not considered to be a wetland. If present, the wetland/upland boundaries were marked in the field using consecutively numbered flagging and each flag location was marked using submeter GPS technology. The Field Delineation included collection of hydrology, vegetation, and soil assessment data from discrete sample locations (Data Points) necessary to complete required USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms. The number of Data Points evaluated was determined based on professional judgement. The recorded Wetland Determination Data Forms for the project site can be found in Appendix B and Data Point locations are depicted on the Depiction of Aquatic Resources Map (Appendix A, Exhibit 7).

4.3 Surface Water and Drainage Feature Observations

Terracon also made observations of site features that may be considered jurisdictional waterbodies. If a waterbody was identified, observations regarding its characteristics were recorded. Potential jurisdictional waterbodies are typically evaluated based on the observation of the following characteristics:

- **Flow Characteristics:**
 - Perennial: contains water at all times except during extreme drought.
 - Intermittent: carries water a considerable portion of the time but ceases to flow occasionally or seasonally.
 - Ephemeral: carries water only during and immediately after periods of rainfall or snowmelt.
- **Ordinary High-Water Mark (OHWM):** The limit line on the shore established by the fluctuation of the water surface. It is shown by such things as a clear line impressed on the bank, shelving, changes in soil character, destruction of terrestrial vegetation, the presence of litter and debris or other features influenced by the surrounding area.
- **Bank Shape Descriptions:**
 - Undercut: banks that overhang the stream channel
 - Steep: bank slope of approximately greater than 30 degrees
 - Gradual: bank slope of approximately 30 degrees or less

- **Aquatic Habitat Descriptions:**
 - Pool: deeper portion of a stream where water flows slower than in neighboring, shallower portions, smooth surface, and finer substrate
 - Riffle: shallow area in a stream where water flows swiftly over gravel and rock or other coarse substrate resulting in a rough flow and a turbulent surface
 - Run: section of a stream with a low or high velocity and with little or no turbulence on the surface of the water.

During the Field Delineation, Terracon personnel marked the jurisdictional limits of aquatic resources using consecutively numbered flagging where possible. Each flag location was marked using submeter GPS technology. Linear aquatic resources located entirely within abutting wetland systems were evaluated for stream parameters and the approximate locations of the linear features were estimated and displayed on the Depiction of Aquatic Resources Map (Appendix A, Exhibit 7).

4.4 Depiction of Aquatic Resources

USACE requires a depiction of the Field Delineation results to serve as the basis for verification of aquatic resource locations. The Depiction of Aquatic Resources Map (Appendix A, Exhibit 7) was created by uploading the shapefile points collected using a Trimble TDC150 with Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) receiver at each flag location. The point shapefiles were geoprocessed into polygon shapefiles for each aquatic resource and exported to a map deliverable using ArcMap® software. The Depiction of Aquatic Resources Map contains a generalized boundary of the site based on best available data such as spatially referenced computer aided design and drafting (CADD) data (if available and provided by the client), county parcel data, and/or existing boundary surveys.

5.0 FIELD DELINEATION RESULTS

In October 2023, Terracon performed a Field Delineation on the site using the field techniques described in Section 4.0. The findings of the Field Delineation are illustrated on the Depiction of Aquatic Resources Map (Appendix A, Exhibit 7). The GIS data created using the GPS data was evaluated to determine the approximate size of each aquatic resource. Site photographs, included in Appendix C, provide an indication of the physical characteristics observed during the Field Delineation. Wetland and upland data determination forms for selected wetlands and upland locations representative of aquatic conditions on the site are provided in Appendix

B. Descriptions of the aquatic resource features observed on site are provided in the following sections.

5.1 Wetlands

During Terracon’s wetland delineation field work, the site was observed to be mostly open land with a small area of mixed hardwoods and pine. Data Points collected during the field delineation, particularly in the mapped hydric soil area (Rk) determined that the mapped hydric soils were not hydric, based on the soil color characterized (10YR 5/6) as well as the absence of inundated soils throughout the site. The observed canopy cover of the site was indicative of non-wetlands soils as well with the majority of canopy cover consisting of Loblolly Pine (*Pinus taeda*). Based on the above-mentioned observations it was determined that the site did not meet the three needed criteria to be considered a wetland (hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and hydrology).

5.2 Tributaries

Terracon observed no potentially jurisdictional tributaries on the site. One ephemeral channel totaling approximately 320 Linear Feet (LF) was identified on the site. This channel was observed on the southern portion of the site. No tributaries were observed in the northern portion of the site. This ephemeral channel was observed to be approximately 4 feet wide and approximately one foot deep or less and were found to have a non-continuous ordinary high-water mark, therefore making these channels not an intermittent stream. Photo reference points were taken in these locations to document current site conditions (see Appendix C) and a map marking the locations these photos were taken are included in Appendix A, Exhibit 7. Table 3 contains a summary of the tributaries identified on site during the Field Delineation.

Table 3: Summary of Tributaries/Channels

Tributary	Length (LF)	Location	WOTUS	Jurisdictional Opinion	Approximate Width Across OHWM	Exhibit
ET-1	320	South	Ephemeral	Non-Jurisdictional	4 feet	7.0

The Mississippi Department of Environmental Development (MDEQ) and Leake County does not require any vegetative buffers or setback on aquatic features.

5.3 Other Aquatic Features

Terracon observed two small ponds totaling approximately 0.42 acres near the southern boundary of the site. Because of the recent lack of rain, the ponds were not holding water, but it was obvious that they typically do hold water. The ponds had no vegetation in them at the time of this study. Because the pond features are only fed by the ephemeral tributary, they are likely not jurisdictional. Table 4 contains a summary of other aquatic features observed on the site during Field Delineation.

Table 4: Summary of Other Aquatic Features

Tributary	Area (Acres)	Location	Jurisdictional Opinion	Exhibit
Pond 1	0.41	South	Non-Jurisdictional	7.0
Pond 2	0.01	South	Non-Jurisdictional	7.0

5.4 Upland Areas

Terracon sampled and assessed all areas that represented different vegetative communities throughout the project site to thoroughly review if these areas may exhibit the three wetland criteria (hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and hydrology). All of the sample locations were found to be classified as uplands based on the three wetland criteria not being met in the different vegetative communities. The portions of the site not identified as containing aquatic resources are considered uplands (Appendix A, Figure 7).

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

Terracon conducted a WOTUS Delineation of the approximately 23.06-acre site in October 2023. The site visit included locating and delineating all aquatic features on the site, and all potential jurisdictional and non-jurisdictional features have been delineated. One potentially non-jurisdictional ephemeral channels totaling approximately 320 linear feet were identified on the site. Because the pond features are only fed by the ephemeral tributary, they are likely not jurisdictional. These classifications are preliminary and only the USACE can make the final jurisdictional determination on the delineated features. The aquatic resources identified during

Terracon’s wetland delineation are illustrated on the Depiction of Aquatic Resources Map located in Appendix A, Exhibit 7.

7.0 GENERAL COMMENTS

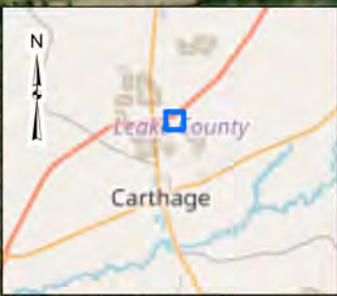
The preliminary WOTUS delineation was performed in accordance with generally accepted practices of this profession undertaken in similar studies at the same time and in the same geographical area. A preliminary WOTUS delineation, such as the one performed at this site, is of limited scope, is noninvasive, and cannot eliminate the potential that WOTUS, including wetlands are present at the site beyond what is identified by the limited scope of this preliminary delineation. In conducting the limited scope of services described herein, certain sources of information and public records were not reviewed. No biological delineation can wholly eliminate uncertainty regarding the potential for concerns in connection with a project. The limitations of this preliminary delineation should be recognized.

This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted scientific and engineering evaluation practices. This report is for the exclusive use of the client and any relying government entities for the project being discussed. No warranties, either expressed or implied, are intended or made.

Conditions within WOTUS, including wetlands naturally change over time and can vary seasonally over short periods. Effects of man-made disturbances and/or temporal variations (e.g. rainfall, season, drought), and/or subjective regulatory interpretation of data and field conditions may preclude assessment in conformance with USACE requirements and sometimes significantly affect findings, conclusions, and recommendations.

APPENDIX A

Exhibits



Legend

— Site 2 NE Study Area



0 250 500 1,000
Feet

DATA SOURCES: MSDEQ, © OpenStreetMap (and contributors, CC-BY-SA, Esri, HERE, Garmin, iPC, Maxar, ESRI - Basemaps

Project No.:	EB237180
Date:	Sep 2023
Drawn By:	NRM
Reviewed By:	DB

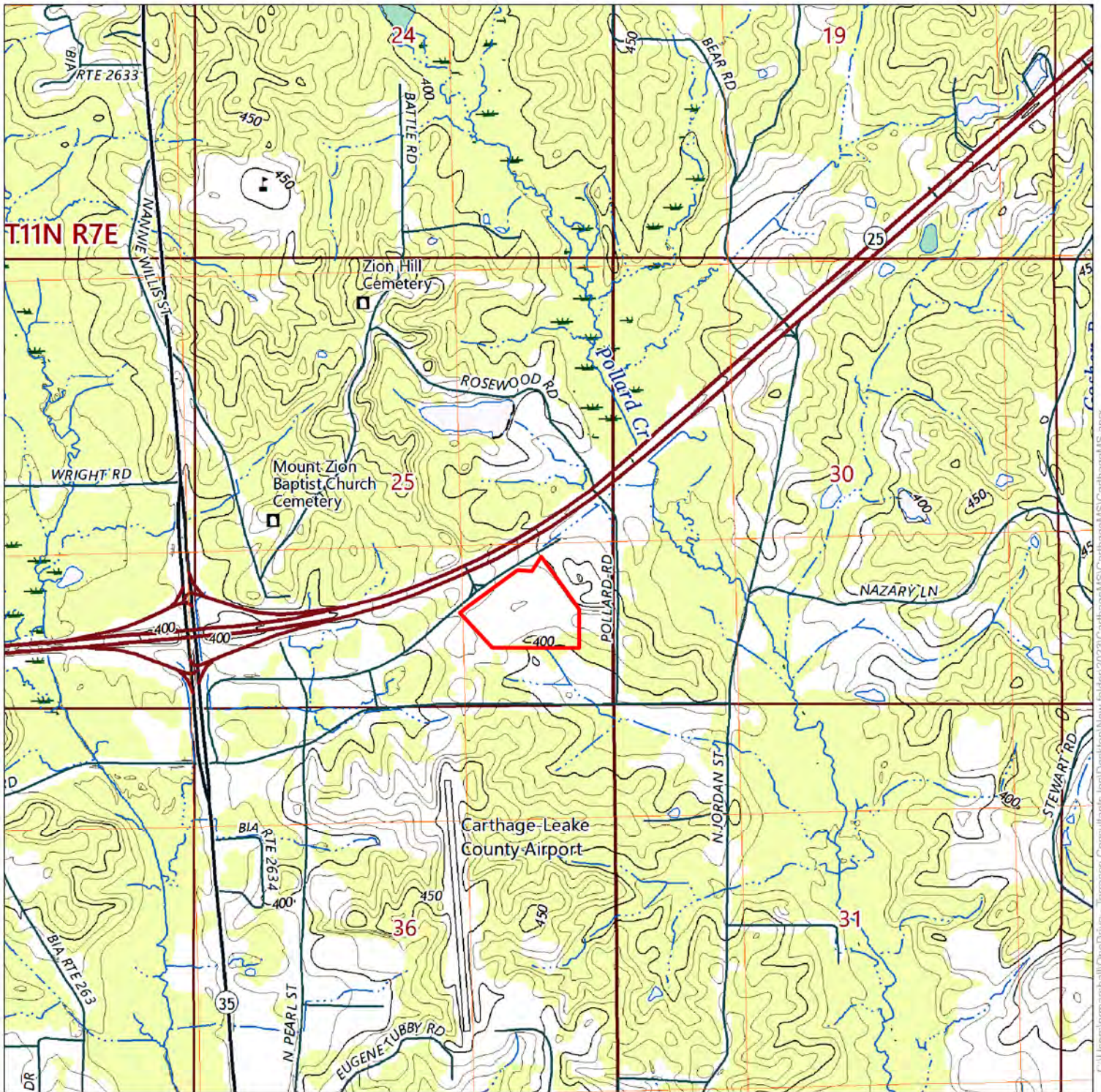


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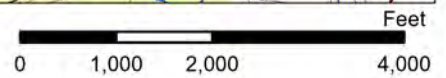
Vicinity Map
MS Department of Environmental Quality Leake County EDD Site 2-NE Carthage, Leake County, MS 89°31'40"W 32°46'14"N

Exhibit
1.0



Legend

— Site 2 NE Study Area



DATA SOURCES: MSDEQ, USGS 2020 Topographic Map Carthage, MS Quadrangle © OpenStreetMap (and) contributors, CC-BY-SA © OpenStreetMap (and) contributors, CC-BY-SA ESRI - Basemaps

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Date:	Sep 2023
Drawn By:	NRM
Reviewed By:	DB



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USGS Topographic Map

MS Department of Environmental Quality
Leake County EDD Site 2-NE
Carthage, Leake County, MS
89°31'37"W 32°46'24"N

Exhibit

2.0

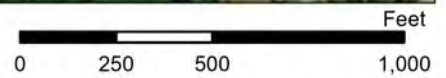
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Legend

- Site 2 NE Study Area
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- Freshwater Pond
- Riverine



DATA SOURCES: MSDEQ, USFWS NWI, © OpenStreetMap (and) contributors, CC-BY-SA, Esri, HERE, Garmin, IPC, Maxar, ESRI - Basemaps

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Date:	Sep 2023
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National Wetlands Inventory Map

MS Department of Environmental Quality
Leake County EDD Site 2-NE
Carthage, Leake County, MS
89°31'40"W 32°46'15"N

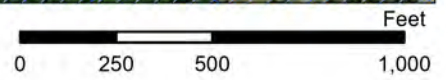
Exhibit

3.0



Legend

- Site 2 NE Study Area
- Soil Map Unit Symbol
- Hydric Soil Rating
- Water



DATA SOURCES: MSDEQ, USDA NRCS WSS©
 OpenStreetMap (and) contributors, CC-BY-SA, Esri,
 HERE, Garmin, IPC, Maxar
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USDA Soil Survey Map

MS Department of Environmental Quality
 Leake County EDD Site 2-NE
 Carthage, Leake County, MS
 89°31'40"W 32°46'15"N

Exhibit

4.0

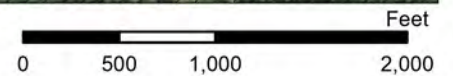
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Legend

- Site 2 NE Study Area
- Zone A: 100-Year Flood Zone
- Zone X: Minimal Flood Risk



DATA SOURCES: MSDEQ, FEMA NFHL 28079C effective September 16, 2011, © OpenStreetMap (and) contributors, CC-BY-SA, Esri, HERE, Garmin, IPC, Maxar
ESRI - Basemaps

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FEMA Flood Risk Map

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Leake County EDD Site 2-NE
Carthage, Leake County, MS
89°31'39"W 32°46'16"N

Exhibit

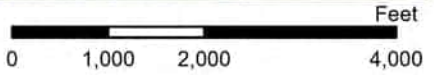
5.0



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Legend

 Site 2 NE Study Area



DATA SOURCES: MSDEQ, Inmrv2, © OpenStreetMap (and) contributors, CC-BY-SA, Esri, HERE, Garmin, INCREMENT P, NGA, USGS
ESRI - Basemaps

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Date:	Sep 2023
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Reviewed By:	DB



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2014 Aerial Imagery

MS Department of Environmental Quality
Leake County EDD Site 2-NE
Carthage, Leake County, MS
89°31'38"W 32°46'22"N

Exhibit

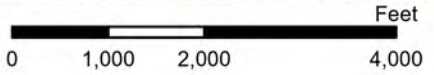
6.0



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Legend

— Site 2 NE Study Area



DATA SOURCES: MSDEQ, tmndv2, © OpenStreetMap (and) contributors, CC-BY-SA, Esri, HERE, Garmin, iPC, Maxar
ESRI - Basemaps

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2022 Aerial Imagery

MS Department of Environmental Quality
Leake County EDD Site 2-NE
Carthage, Leake County, MS
89°31'38"W 32°46'22"N

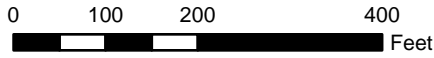
Exhibit

6.1



Legend

- Study Area
- Data Point
- Reference Photo Point
- ▭ Ephemeral Tributary
- ▭ Off-Channel Open Water



3

DATA SOURCES:
ESRI WMS - World Aerial Imagery, OpenStreetMap

Project No.:	EB237180
Date:	Oct 2023
Drawn By:	REG
Reviewed By:	DB



1801 Handley Ederville Rd
Fort Worth, Texas 76118
PH. (817) 268-8600 terracon.com

Delineation Map
MS Department of Environmental Quality Leake County EDD Site 2 NE Leake County, MS Center 89.528°W 32.7715°N

Exhibit
7.0

APPENDIX B

Wetland Determination Data Forms

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Leake County EDD City/County: Leake Sampling Date: _____
 Applicant/Owner: Leake County State: Mississippi Sampling Point: DP 1
 Investigator(s): David Brunet, Matthew Brunet Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc): Hillslope Local relief (concave, convex, none): convex Slope (%): 10
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR-O Lat: 32.770315 Long: 89.529191 Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: SmD2 Smithdale fine sandy loam NWI classification: MW

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No _____
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes _____	No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes _____	No <u>X</u>		Yes _____
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes _____	No <u>X</u>		No _____
Remarks:				

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
<u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one required: check all that apply)</u>	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5) <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13) <input type="checkbox"/> Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) <input type="checkbox"/> Moss Trim Lines (B16) <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2) <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) <input type="checkbox"/> Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)	

Field Observations:	
Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspection), if available:

Remarks:

VEGETATION (Four Strata) - Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: DP 1

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30-ft</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. _____	_____	_____	_____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____
8. _____	_____	_____	_____

0 = Total Cover

50% of total cover: 0 20% of total cover: 0

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15-ft</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. _____	_____	_____	_____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____
8. _____	_____	_____	_____

0 = Total Cover

50% of total cover: 0 20% of total cover: 0

Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5-ft</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <i>Paspalum notatum</i> / Bahia grass	100	Yes	FACU
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____
8. _____	_____	_____	_____
9. _____	_____	_____	_____
10. _____	_____	_____	_____
11. _____	_____	_____	_____
12. _____	_____	_____	_____

100 = Total Cover

50% of total cover: 50 20% of total cover: 20

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30-ft</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. _____	_____	_____	_____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____

0 = Total Cover

50% of total cover: 0 20% of total cover: 0

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 1 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0.0 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>
FACW species <u>0</u>	x 2 = <u>0</u>
FAC species <u>0</u>	x 3 = <u>0</u>
FACU species <u>100</u>	x 4 = <u>400</u>
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>
Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A)	<u>400</u> (B)

Prevalence Index = B/A = 4.0

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
- 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
- 3 - Prevalence Index ≤3.0¹
- Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata

Tree - Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.

Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.

Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?

Yes _____ No X

Remarks: (if observed, list morphological adaptations below).

SOIL

Sampling Point: DP 1

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-18	10YR 4/6	70	10YR 6/4	30			Silt Loam	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5)
- Organic Bodies (A6) **(LRR P, T, U)**
- 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) **(LRR P, T, U)**
- Muck Presence (A8) **(LRR U)**
- 1 cm Muck (A9) **(LRR P, T)**
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Coast Prairie Redox (A16) **(MLRA 150A)**
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) **(LRR O, S)**
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Dark Surface (S7) **(LRR P, S, T, U)**

- Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) **(LRR S, T, U)**
- Thin Dark Surface (S9) **(LRR S, T, U)**
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) **(LRR O)**
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Marl (F10) **(LRR U)**
- Depleted Ochric (F11) **(MLRA 151)**
- Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) **(LRR O, P, T)**
- Umbric Surface (F13) **(LRR P, T, U)**
- Delta Ochric (F17) **(MLRA 151)**
- Reduced Vertic (F18) **(MLRA 150A, 150B)**
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) **(MLRA 149A)**
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) **(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)**

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) **(LRR O)**
- 2 cm Muck (A10) **(LRR S)**
- Reduced Vertic (F18) **(outside MLRA 150A,B)**
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) **(LRR P, S, T)**
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) **(MLRA 153B)**
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:





WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Leake County EDD City/County: Leake Sampling Date: 10/04/2023
 Applicant/Owner: Leake County State: Mississippi Sampling Point: DP 2
 Investigator(s): David Brunet, Matthew Brunet Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc): Hillslope Local relief (concave, convex, none): convex Slope (%): 20
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR-O Lat: 32.770515 Long: -89.524265 Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: RK - Rosebloom and Arkabutla Soils NWI classification: _____

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No _____
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes _____	No _____	
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes _____	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes _____	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
Remarks:						

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required: check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5) <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13) <input type="checkbox"/> Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3) <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) <input type="checkbox"/> Moss Trim Lines (B16) <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2) <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) <input type="checkbox"/> Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)

Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
---	--

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspection), if available:

Remarks:

VEGETATION (Four Strata) - Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: DP 2

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30-ft</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <i>Pinus taeda</i> / Loblolly pine	75	Yes	FAC
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____
8. _____	_____	_____	_____

75 = Total Cover
 50% of total cover: 37 20% of total cover: 15

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15-ft</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <i>Diospyros virginiana</i> / Common persimmon	20	Yes	FAC
2. <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> / Sweetgum	15	Yes	FAC
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____
8. _____	_____	_____	_____

35 = Total Cover
 50% of total cover: 17 20% of total cover: 7

Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5-ft</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <i>Chasmanthium latifolium</i> / Indian wood-oats	20	Yes	FAC
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____
8. _____	_____	_____	_____
9. _____	_____	_____	_____
10. _____	_____	_____	_____
11. _____	_____	_____	_____
12. _____	_____	_____	_____

20 = Total Cover
 50% of total cover: 10 20% of total cover: 4

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>30-ft</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <i>Vitis rotundifolia</i> / Muscadine	20	Yes	FAC
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____

20 = Total Cover
 50% of total cover: 10 20% of total cover: 4

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 5 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 5 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100.0 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>
FACW species <u>0</u>	x 2 = <u>0</u>
FAC species <u>150</u>	x 3 = <u>450</u>
FACU species <u>0</u>	x 4 = <u>0</u>
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>
Column Totals: <u>150</u>	(A) <u>450</u> (B)

Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.0

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
 - 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
 - 3 - Prevalence Index ≤3.0¹
- Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata

Tree - Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.

Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.

Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?

Yes No

Remarks: (if observed, list morphological adaptations below).

SOIL

Sampling Point: DP 2

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-18	10YR 5/6	100						

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5)
- Organic Bodies (A6) **(LRR P, T, U)**
- 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) **(LRR P, T, U)**
- Muck Presence (A8) **(LRR U)**
- 1 cm Muck (A9) **(LRR P, T)**
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Coast Prairie Redox (A16) **(MLRA 150A)**
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) **(LRR O, S)**
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Dark Surface (S7) **(LRR P, S, T, U)**

- Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) **(LRR S, T, U)**
- Thin Dark Surface (S9) **(LRR S, T, U)**
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) **(LRR O)**
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Marl (F10) **(LRR U)**
- Depleted Ochric (F11) **(MLRA 151)**
- Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) **(LRR O, P, T)**
- Umbric Surface (F13) **(LRR P, T, U)**
- Delta Ochric (F17) **(MLRA 151)**
- Reduced Vertic (F18) **(MLRA 150A, 150B)**
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) **(MLRA 149A)**
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) **(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)**

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) **(LRR O)**
- 2 cm Muck (A10) **(LRR S)**
- Reduced Vertic (F18) **(outside MLRA 150A,B)**
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) **(LRR P, S, T)**
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) **(MLRA 153B)**
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:

PHOTO(S)

Sampling Point: DP 2





APPENDIX C

Site Photographs

Reference Photos



RPP 1—Facing East



RPP 1—Facing North



RPP 1—Facing West



Ephemeral Tributary Photo



RPP 2—Facing South



RPP 2—Facing East





Pond 1 —Facing South



APPENDIX E

Common Acronyms

COMMON ACRONMYS

AJD	Approved Jurisdictional Determination
CWA	Clean Water Act
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
FAC	Facultative
FACU	Facultative Upland
FACW	Facultative Wetland
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency
FIRM	Flood Insurance Rate Map
GPS	Global Positioning Systems
NRCS	Natural Resource Conservation Service
NWI	National Wetlands Inventory
OBL	Obligate Wetland
OHWM	Ordinary High Water Mark
PJD	Preliminary Jurisdictional Determination
UPL	Obligate Upland
USACE	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
USDA	U.S. Department of Agriculture
USFWS	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
USGS	U.S. Geologic Survey
WOTUS	Waters of the U.S.

APPENDIX H

**THREATENED AND ENDANGERED (T&E) SPECIES
ASSESSMENT REPORT**